

CMP4102 Instrumentation and Control Engineering

| Period per Week | | | Contact Hour per Semester | Weighted Total Mark | Weighted Exam Mark | Weighted Continuous Assessment Mark | Credit Units |
|-----------------|----|----|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| LH | PH | TH | CH | WTM | WE | WCM | CU |
| 45 | 30 | 00 | 60 | 100 | 60 | 40 | 4 |

Rationale

The computer is an electronic device whose design and manufacture utilizes a great deal of instrumentation and control engineering concepts. A student of computer engineering has to be exposed to the relevance of these fundamental concepts in the design of computer circuitry.

Objectives

This course aims at:

- Enabling student understand that control systems are a daily phenomena, that virtually everything needs feedback, that electronic or electromechanical systems most times include a feedback loop, either explicitly or implicitly.

- Giving the student knowledge of analog and digital control engineering concepts. This course aims to help the student with:
- Knowledge of procedures for measuring and improving the reliability of digital components within measuring systems.
- Knowledge of the formal standards governing instrument calibration procedures and measurement system performance.
- An introduction on the topic of sensors and their use within instrumentation systems.
- Knowledge of the principles and theory of measurement

Course Content

- 1. Review of Measurement Specification**
 - Standards, units- instrument types
 - performance characteristics: static and dynamic characteristic
- 2. Measuring system**
- 3. Analogue Instruments**
 - Moving coil,
 - iron instruments
- 4. Digital Instruments**
 - Multimeters
 - data analysers
 - signal synthesisers.
- 5. Counters and timers**
- 6. Measuring Errors**
 - Random errors
 - Systematic errors
- 7. Transducers**
 - Measurement of displacement
 - velocity and acceleration
 - time and frequency
 - light,
 - temperature, volume, pressure, flow and force
- 8. Analogue Data Processing**
 - The operational amplifier
 - Characteristics
 - Configurations
- 9. Simulation of differential equations and transfer function**
- 10. Data Acquisition and Conversion**
 - Sampling theorem
 - Quantisation
 - Multiplexing
 - filtering sample and hold
 - Bridge Circuits
- 11. Introduction to design of feedback systems**
 - Properties and advantages of feedback systems
- 12. Time-Domain And Frequency-Domain Performance Measures**
- 13. Stability And Degree Of Stability**
- 14. Complex Plane Analysis**
 - Algebra
 - Applications to Control Engineering
- 15. Stability Criteria**

- Routh's Criterion
 - Root locus method
 - Nyquist criterion
- 16. Bode Plots**
- Introduction
 - Frequency response analysis
- 17. Unit Circle**
- PID Compensator
 - time response
- 18. State Space Analysis**
- Observability
 - Controllability and the corresponding vectors
- 19. Digital Control System**
- z transforms
 - Jury Test

Learning Outcomes

The student will:

- Be able to comfortably check for stability of any system using any criteria.
- Understand the concept of control system engineering, why it is carried out and will appreciate its application in digital control.
- Acquire knowledge of the type of measuring instruments and be able to appreciate why certain instruments are more favourable in a particular environment and requirement (accuracy or precision among others);
- Understand the types of errors that occur during measurement and how best they can be minimised during experimental setup.
- Acquire concepts on sensors and their use in design of automated systems.

Recommended Books and References

- [1] William L. Brogan, *Modern Control Theory*, 2nd ed., Prentice-Hall, 1985
- [2] Nise, N. S., *Control Systems Engineering*, 3rd ed., New York, NY: Wiley, 2000.
- [3] Allan S. Morris, *Measurement and Instrumentation Principles*, 3rd ed., Butterworth Heinemann, 2001
- [4] K. Ogata, *Discrete- Time Control Systems*